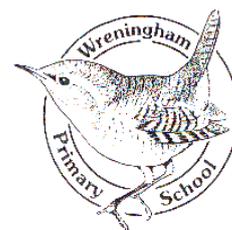
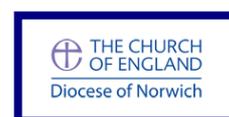


Together Everyone Achieves More

Wreningham School is committed to Safeguarding
And Promoting the Welfare of all children



Wreningham V.C. Primary School

1 Corinthians 12:12, "There is one body but it has many parts. But all its many parts make up one body."

Recruitment and Selection Policy

All policies at Wreningham VC Primary School should be taken as part of the overall strategy of the school and implemented within the context of our vision, aims and values as a Church of England School

The Person Responsible for Updating this Policy: The Headteacher

Chair Full Governing Body: Mr. Steve Kittle

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 Recruitment and selection is a critical activity for the Governing Board and Headteacher. In selecting the best person for the role, the need for compliance with employment law, especially in the area of discrimination is clear. Recruitment practices must be safe in the context of appointing people who are suitable to work with children and young people.
- 1.2 Poor appointments to the school can lead to unnecessary and costly staff turnover, poor performance, dissatisfaction amongst the workforce and potentially put children at risk of harm. The importance of safer recruitment and recruitment best practice are recognised and underpin the school's recruitment processes.
- 1.3 All governors and employees involved in a recruitment exercise must adhere to the requirements of this policy and any related policies when conducting the recruitment process and in their decision making.
- 1.4 *Recruitment and Selection – guidance G108f* on HR InfoSpace gives more detailed information on conducting recruitment and selection exercises.

2. Safer recruitment

- 2.1 The purpose of this policy is to provide a sound foundation for good recruitment and selection of staff, assisting a school in ensuring the requirements of the *Safer Recruitment Guidance* produced by the Norfolk Safeguarding Children Board (NSCB) and general employment legislation are met. It will do this by supporting the principles and recommendations set out in the DfE document '[Keeping children safe in education](#)' statutory guidance.
- 2.2 The *Safer Recruitment Guidance* states that recruitment and selection processes should embrace core principles around safeguarding children and young people and employment legislation. In addition the document states the core standards which should be incorporated into the practice of recruitment and selection. This policy and the related guidance reflects these core principles and core standards by:
 - identifying:
 - the powers and obligations of the Governing Board and the County Council in selecting staff;
 - the main stages of the recruitment and selection process; and
 - the administrative procedures to be followed by the school and the County Council.
 - ensuring that fairness and equal opportunity are afforded to all applicants, and that the school adheres to current legislation and its equal opportunities policies
 - assisting the school in meeting the requirements of *Keeping Children Safe in Education statutory guidance*.
 - setting out the legal requirements on the recruitment and selection of staff stemming from relevant employment law and sector specific statute, for example (this list includes any subsequent updates made to the legislation listed): the *Education Reform Act 1988*, the *School Standards and Framework Act 1998*, the *Education Act 2002*, the *School Staffing Regulations 2009*, the *Education (Independent Schools and Standards) (England) Regulations 2010 (as amended*

by the Education (Independent School Standards) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012 and the Education (Non-Maintained Special Schools) (England) Regulations 2011, Childcare Act 2006, Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 and various statutory guidance documents.

Safer Recruitment training

- 2.3 A statutory requirement on every school going through recruitment and selection is to make arrangements to ensure actions are taken that safeguard and promote the welfare of children. All recruitment and selection events in schools need to have the involvement of an individual who has received appropriate Safer Recruitment training.
- 2.4 The Governing Board recognises its responsibility for ensuring at least one member of school staff and **one governor** are trained in Safer Recruitment and that at least one appropriately trained individual (member of staff or governor) is involved in each and every recruitment exercise.

Disclosure Barring Service (DBS) checks (formerly Criminal Records Bureau (CRB) checks,

- 2.5 The School operates in accordance with the Educator Solutions DBS policy. See *Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) – model policy (P112)* for further information.

Prohibition checks and the Single Central Record

- 2.6 In addition to any DBS and/or Barred List check, anyone who is appointed to carry out teaching work will require an additional check to ensure they are not subject to a prohibition order¹ and therefore prohibited from teaching. This has been a statutory requirement since 1 September 2013 (retrospective checking is not required for employees who commenced their current employment prior to 1 September 2013). This check is undertaken using the Teacher Services.
- 2.7 The School has a responsibility to keep a Single Central Record detailing when appropriate checks on staff were made and by whom, including identity, qualification requirements, entitlement to work in the United Kingdom, DBS checks, prohibition order checks, Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations checks and section 128 direction checks (Applicable to academies, Free schools and Governors who the school proposes will be recruited as a governor). The school holds a Single Central Record of recruitment and vetting checks covering all employed staff and others identified by the school as having access to children. The Headteacher oversees the maintenance of the Single Central Record.

Overseas teachers

¹ Secretary of state Prohibition orders prevent a person from carrying out teaching work in schools, sixth form colleges, 16 to 19 academies, relevant youth accommodation and children's homes in England. A person who is prohibited from teaching must not be appointed to work as a teacher. These checks will also identify any existing prohibitions and sanctions made by the General Teaching Council (GTCE) and NCTL before their abolition. The Teacher Regulation Agency now undertakes the prohibition work.

2.8 Through the Headteacher, the School will ensure that prescribed checks, including additional checks as appropriate, are carried out in respect of staff members who have lived outside the United Kingdom.

2.9 Other essential pre-employment checks required and summarised in 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' statutory guidance is to verify the candidate's:

- identity
- right to work in the UK
- professional qualifications
- mental and physical fitness to carry out their work responsibilities including whether any reasonable adjustments are required to provide effective and efficient teaching – NB the Equality Act 2010 makes it generally unlawful to ask questions about disability and health **before** a job offer is made. Further information regarding this is outlined in section 60 of the Equality Act 2010. See '[EHRC Guidance for employers on Section 60 of the Equality Act 2010](#)'
- suitability to work with children (where the applicant has lived or worked outside the UK and further checks are required because of that background)
- suitability to work with children aged under 8 the Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations².
- Section 128 direction check (Academies and Free schools management positions³ and Governors who any school proposes will be recruited as a governor). A section 128 direction prohibits or restricts a person from taking part in the management of an independent school, including academies and free schools. It also prohibits a person from being a governor if they are subject to a section 128 direction. This check should be undertaken for any successful candidate offered a management position within an academy or free school or any Governor who a school proposes will be recruited as a governor. This check can be done via the [Teacher Services System](#). NB. Where the person will be engaged in a regulated activity, a DBS barred list check will also identify any section 128 direction*.

2.10 **Advertising**

All adverts will include a safeguarding statement of intent e.g. '*We are committed to safeguarding the welfare of children. Appointments will made subject to a DBS check and two suitable references.*'

Shortlisting and Reference Requests

The selection panel will shortlist applicants against the Job/Person Specification for the post. The criteria for selection will be consistently applied to all applicants. The selection panel will agree the applicants to be invited to interview. Two references, one of which must be from the candidate's current/most recent employer, will be taken up before the selection stage so that any discrepancies may be probed during this stage of the selection process.

² Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 stipulate that relevant staff in relevant settings must be checked to ensure they are not disqualified from being employed in the setting. Please see HR InfoSpace for further information.

³ A section 128 direction check checks the names of individuals who have been prohibited from taking part in the management of any independent school (including academies and free schools) or being a school governor. For a clear definition of what management roles this effects see para 121 of [KCSE](#).

Reference requests will use form F108i

Amendments to School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009 (applicable from 1 September 2012)

- 2.15 Following amendments made to the School Staffing Regulations (England) 2009 (applicable from 1 September 2012), schools are required to pass on information to prospective employers about teachers and headteachers who have been subject to capability procedures. Therefore, when requesting a reference the school should ask the referee whether that teacher has been subject, in the last two years, to their school's capability procedure. Schools must respond to these reference requests. They should also ask the interviewee at interview if they have been subject, in the last two years, to their school's capability procedure.

Code of Practice on the English language requirements for public sector workers (applicable from 21 November 2016)

- 2.16 Schools and academies are required to comply with the fluency duty as laid out in the Code of Practice on the English language requirements for public sector workers (Part 7 of the Immigration Act 2016). The code imposes a duty on public authorities to ensure that public facing workers have the necessary level of fluency in English to perform their role effectively. For further information see the [Code of Practice](#).
- 2.17 The school requires candidates to account for any gaps or discrepancies in employment history on this application form. Where an applicant is shortlisted, these gaps will be discussed at interview.

3. Equal opportunities

- 3.1 The Governing Board and Headteacher recognise their responsibilities under equality legislation, specifically the Equality Act 2010 which consolidated previous equality legislation and in some cases extended equality law.
- 3.2 The 'protected characteristics' identified in the Equality Act 2010 of age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race (including ethnic or national origins, colour and nationality), religion and belief, sex, sexual orientation, marriage and civil partnership will not be used as the basis of selection for appointment or promotion within the school. All employees will be selected, trained and promoted on the basis of ability, the requirements of the job and other similar criteria that are as objective as possible. The only exception will be by virtue of legislation or an Occupational Requirement.
- 3.3 The Equality Act extends, beyond *direct* and *indirect* discrimination, the circumstances in which unlawful discrimination can take place. In respect of some 'protected characteristics', *associative* discrimination (i.e. direct discrimination against someone because they associate with another person who possesses a protected characteristic) and discrimination by *perception* (i.e. direct discrimination against someone because others think they have a protected characteristic). In any

recruitment and selection exercise at the school, those involved will be alert to any potential unlawful discrimination.

- 3.4 Reasonable adjustments and/or supportive measures will be considered where a known disability exists to allow equality of access and opportunity.
- 3.5 All those taking part in the recruitment and selection process have responsibility for applying the policy on equal opportunities to avoid unlawful discrimination.
- 3.6 This Recruitment and Selection policy forms part of the school's wider Single Equality Scheme. The Governing Board recognise that all public sector organisations (including schools and academies) are under a single equality duty (from the Equality Act 2010) to demonstrate that they are achieving equality in their workforce across all the 'protected characteristics'.

4. Scope of this policy

- 4.1 This policy applies to all teaching and support staff posts in the school.
- 4.2 The policy does not apply to students, contractors, agency staff, carers or volunteers who work in the school or its extended environment unless those individuals are applicants for vacant posts in the school. Also, although the general principles of this policy will apply to the recruitment of a Headteacher, different processes may be applied (see 6 below).

5. Application

- 5.1 The Governing Board will follow the procedures outlined in this policy for all vacancies, although the complexity of each stage will vary depending on the type of post.
- 5.2 This policy requires that the following stages are incorporated into every recruitment and selection event;
 - workforce planning and identification of vacancy
 - post specification
 - advertising
 - applications and shortlisting
 - interview
 - appointment
- 5.3 In advance of any recruitment exercise, the Governing Board and Headteacher will consider relevant aspects of workforce planning in advance of advertising a vacancy.
- 5.4 It is imperative that the Governing Board consider whether or not recruitment to the post needs to happen, whether a review of the post (and perhaps wider staffing structure) should occur before proceeding. This may be particularly relevant where the school is experiencing or anticipates financial 'tightening' perhaps through reducing pupil numbers. A decision not to recruit or to recruit to a different post (e.g. part-time instead of full-time, for a fixed term, or at a lower scale) may help avoid problems further down the line. A vacant post may well prove to be an opportunity to avoid a redundancy problem in the foreseeable future. The

Governing Board recognises this and is committed to appropriate workforce planning considerations whenever a vacancy arises.

- 5.5 If any significant change in staffing structure arises from such workforce planning considerations, the Governing Board will need to carry out appropriate consultation with staff. This is most likely to be appropriate where the Governing Board is considering a change to the leadership and/or teaching and learning responsibility payments (TLRPs) structures of the school.
- 5.6 In reviewing or creating a job description, person specification and other documents linked to a post which is to be advertised, the Governing Board will have regard to any statutory or local agreement requirements applicable to the group in which the post falls.

For all maintained schools, the Governing Board is required to pay teaching staff in accordance with the School Teachers Pay and Conditions Document and to apply 'Burgundy Book' conditions of service for teaching staff appointments.

For support staff appointments, the school operates in accordance with Norfolk County Council's Modern Reward Strategy (MRS), and the Governing Board will either use model job specifications (which have been job evaluated through the MRS process) or will work with the County Council's HR Service in the development of a bespoke job description which will then either be matched (in grading terms) or evaluated to establish the appropriate grade.

Note: The Modern Reward Strategy is a local agreement which all Community and Voluntary Controlled Schools are required to work to.

- 5.7 The *School Staffing Regulations 2009* require school governing bodies to notify the Local Authority of any vacant teaching post that it plans to fill for four months or more. Such information may prove helpful to the Local Authority in its attempt to support potentially redundant employees searching for suitable alternative employment. The Governing Board recognise this and will comply on notification from the Local Authority that the requirement is to be utilised.
- 5.8 The *Schools Standards and Framework Act 1998* introduced the requirement for governing bodies to ensure appropriate consideration is given to potential redeployees put forward by the Local Authority. The Governing Board recognises this requirement and will ensure compliance, provided details of the nominated candidate are forwarded to the Headteacher by the stated closing date.

6. Appointment of Headteacher

- 6.1 Separate processes exist for the appointment of Headteachers to schools. The Governing Board will follow established processes for the recruitment of a Headteacher should that post become vacant. The Director of Children's Services (and/or appropriate officer from the Diocese for church schools) will provide support for any Headteacher appointment through the identification of a lead officer who will guide the Governing Board through the process.

7. Governing Board and Headteacher Responsibilities

7.1 The responsibilities of the Governing Board, Headteacher and local authority in the appointment of maintained school staff are specified in the School Staffing Regulations 2009, summarised at Appendix A to this policy.

7.2 One significant area covered by the 2009 regulations is that of delegation of authority for appointment of staff. Before embarking on any recruitment exercise, the Governing Board and Headteacher need to be clear about where responsibility lies. Decisions taken by the Governing Board in relation to the discretion to delegate aspects of the appointments process will be reviewed annually and recorded in full Governing Board minutes.

8. Data Protection

The school processes any personal data collected during the recruitment and selection process in accordance with its data protection policy. Any data collected is held securely and accessed by, and disclosed to, individuals only for the purposes of operating recruitment and selection. Inappropriate access or disclosure of personal data constitutes a data breach and should be reported in accordance with the school's data protection policy immediately. It may also constitute a disciplinary offence, which will be dealt with under the school's disciplinary procedure.

After 6 months, all information about unsuccessful candidates will be securely destroyed.

9. Associated documents

- Recruitment and selection guidance (G108f)

Appendix A - Maintained Schools only - Responsibilities of the Governing Board, Headteacher and Local Authority

The *School Staffing Regulations 2009* is the current statute dealing with responsibilities for appointment of staff in schools. This appendix outlines the main responsibilities and highlights particular discretions available for the Governing Board to consider. It is not a full copy of the regulations but serves to highlight the main issues relating to the appointment of staff.

Separate arrangements apply for schools that have their delegated budget suspended by the Local Authority or have an Interim Executive Board (IEB) appointed. The following list of responsibilities and discretions would change should the delegated budget be suspended or an IEB appointed.

A1 All appointments

Giving and receiving advice

Community and voluntary controlled schools:

The Local Authority has a statutory entitlement to send a representative to all proceedings relating to the selection or dismissal of any teacher (including the Headteacher and deputy Headteacher) and offer advice. If the local authority decides to send a representative they must be allowed to attend. Any advice offered by the local authority at these proceedings must be considered by the Governing Board (or those to whom the function has been delegated) when reaching a decision. All advice offered by the local authority, and decisions made by the Governing Board in the light of that advice should be fully documented.

Diocesan authority advice

The diocesan authority does not have any statutory entitlement to advise the Governing Board in relation to the appointment and dismissal of teachers. However, it is recommended that the governing bodies of foundation, voluntary controlled and voluntary aided schools which are Church of England or Roman Catholic Church schools agree, in writing, with the diocesan authority to give it the same advisory rights as the Local Authority in relation to the appointment or dismissal of teachers at the School. All advice offered by the diocesan authority, and decisions made by the Governing Board, in the light of that advice should be fully documented.

Delegation of Authority

All maintained schools.

The Governing Board may delegate any of its functions relating to the appointment of teachers (other than Headteacher or deputy Headteachers) to:

- the Headteacher; or
- one or more governors; or
- the Headteacher and one or more governors.

If the delegation is made to governors only, the Headteacher is entitled to attend all relevant procedures and offer advice which the governor or governors must consider.

The delegation of functions should be agreed by the whole Governing Board and reviewed at least annually.

When considering whether to delegate to one governor, or to a small group, the Governing Board:

- should be mindful of the corporate responsibility of all governors for any act in the name of the Governing Board;
- should consider whether one member of the group is a professional; and
- should avoid placing staff governors in a position where they would effectively usurp, or undermine the role of the Headteacher as professional adviser to the governors.

When considering whether to delegate to the Headteacher, the Governing Board should consider:

- the regulatory position;
- the person's level of experience;
- whether the functions relate to senior management;
- whether an appeals process might be compromised;
- in schools with a religious character, any agreed staffing policies which provide for governor involvement in the interests of preserving the school's religious character;
- the views of the Headteacher; and
- the desirability or otherwise of so delegating, and the advantages and disadvantages of doing so.

The Governing Board should also agree under what circumstances the delegated functions will be removed from the Headteacher, how the removal will be implemented and who may assume responsibility for the functions that have been removed. Particular issues that should be considered are where:

- a Headteacher is subject to suspension, disciplinary procedures, disciplinary sanctions or capability procedures;
- the Local Authority has made representations to the chair of the Governing Board regarding serious concerns about the performance of the Headteacher; and
- the Headteacher has failed to abide by the financial limits agreed by the Governing Board for any school purpose.

The Headteacher should have the opportunity to make representations on any decisions to discontinue delegated functions.

The governing Board should also agree if, and under what circumstances, delegated functions will be restored and how the restoration will be implemented.

The Governing Board should consider and agree whether the delegation of functions should continue in the event of an acting Headteacher being used or if the deputy Headteacher is asked to undertake the duties of the Headteacher in the long term absence of the Headteacher.

It is recommended that the Governing Board delegates functions relating to staff appointments outside of the leadership group to the Headteacher, unless it thinks this

would be inappropriate. Subsequent appeals procedures should be delegated to one or more governors not involved in the original determination in order to provide a greater degree of impartiality.

The Governing Board should document fully all decisions made, and may want to consider the use of standing orders.

Where functions have been delegated, the person (or persons) to whom the functions have been delegated cannot delegate the functions to another person or persons.

If the functions relating to appointments and dismissals of teachers (other than the Headteacher or Deputy Headteacher) and support staff are not delegated to the Headteacher, the Headteacher has a right to attend and offer advice at all relevant proceedings. Any advice given must be considered by the governor, or governors to whom the delegation has been made.

Headteacher and Deputy Headteacher appointments

The Governing Board must notify the local authority in writing of:

- any vacancy for the Headteacher; and
- where it identifies either a current or new post of deputy Headteacher as one to be filled.

Specific processes exist for the recruitment of Headteachers and these can be accessed through the Local Authority (or diocese for church schools). No further detail from the Schools Staffing Regulations is, therefore, given here.

Deputy Headteacher appointments

The 2009 Regulations specify that the Governing Board must advertise the vacancy or post in such manner as it considers appropriate, unless it has good reason not to. It is recommended that the Governing Board seeks advice from their local authority and diocesan authority, before deciding not to advertise.

The appointment process should be conducted in a fair and open manner that does not contravene any discrimination legislation and includes safer recruitment measures.

The Governing Board should consider the most appropriate way of advertising the post. It should decide the best way of reaching its target audience, taking into consideration the type of media to be used and the level of exposure the advertisement will receive. A decision not to advertise should only be taken if the Governing Board can demonstrate there is good reason not to and that it does not leave them open to challenge. All decisions should be documented fully, as the Governing Board will need to demonstrate that it has acted reasonably if it is challenged.

The Governing Board must appoint a selection panel consisting of at least three of its members, excluding the Headteacher. As three is the minimum number of panel members it is possible to have all the Governing Board on the selection panel. In deciding the size of the panel the Governing Board needs to be mindful of the possibility that an individual may lodge a grievance against the panel and the fact that

in such circumstances the Governing Board would need to be able to give that person a fair hearing.

The appointment of the panel cannot be delegated by the Governing Board.

It is the role of the panel to:

- select applicants for interview;
- interview the applicants selected; and
- where appropriate, recommend one of the interviewed applicants to the Governing Board for approval.

In community, voluntary controlled, community special and maintained nursery schools, where the person recommended by the selection panel is approved by the Governing Board for appointment then, unless they fail the relevant checks, the Local Authority must appoint that person.

If:

- the selection panel does not make a recommendation to the Governing Board, or
- the Governing Board does not approve the selection panel's recommendation; or
- in the case of a community or voluntary controlled school, the authority declines to appoint the person approved by the Governing Board because they have failed the relevant checks,

the selection panel may carry out the selection process again or, in the case of the last two bullets, recommend an existing applicant identified as being suitable through the current selection process.

All other teaching appointments

Notification to the Local Authority of a vacancy

All maintained schools

Where the Governing Board decides to recruit a teacher to a post that is to be filled for a period of more than 4 months, it can be required to send a specification of the post to the Local Authority and to consider any nominated candidates out forward by the Local Authority for consideration against the selection criteria.

In the interest of fair and open recruitment, consideration should be given to advertising the post and how best to bring it to the attention of persons qualified to fill it, including making use of any the local authority's advertising publications.

Appointment

Community and voluntary controlled schools

The local authority must appoint person selected by the Governing Board, unless they fail the relevant checks. If the local authority declines to appoint a person selected by the Governing Board, the Governing Board may select an existing candidate or repeat the selection process in full.

Support staff appointments

Community and voluntary controlled schools

Governing bodies should be mindful of their obligations under equal pay legislation when making recommendations about support staff pay and grading. Any such recommendation may have implications for other staff working for the local authority. In putting together the job specification for the post, the Governing Board should refer to the agreed local authority job profiles and associated guidance. When considering what grade to recommend for the post, the Governing Board may wish to seek advice from the local authority which has greater experience of determining the appropriate grades for individual posts. Where the Governing Board wishes to employ support staff to take on a new kind of role that does not have a direct comparator within the local authority, it should consult the local authority at the point of determining the job specification. The Governing Board should consider any pay and grading issues the local authority may raise before putting forward a formal recommendation. The Governing Board may recommend a person to the local authority for appointment. The recommendation must include a job specification which contains:

- the duties to be performed;
- the hours of work (where the post is part time);
- the duration of the appointment;
- the grade; and
- the remuneration.

The recommendations should include sufficient detail to allow the local authority to come to a view on the appropriateness of the recommendation and the grade recommended must be on the scale of grades used by the local authority. In making the recommendations on pay and grading, the Governing Board should have regard to the responsibilities of the post and to the pay scales, terms and grading applicable for similar roles or work throughout the Local Authority area. Where the local authority has discretion with regard to remuneration, it must exercise that discretion in accordance with the Governing Board's recommendation. Local authorities have discretion if any provisions regulating the rates of remuneration or allowances payable to their employees either:

- do not apply to that appointment; or
- leave to the authority any degree of discretion as to the rate of remuneration.

The Local Authority may, within seven days of receiving the job specification, make written representations to the Governing Board relating to the grade or remuneration to be paid. On receiving such representations, the Governing Board must (Regulation 17(6)):

- consider the representations; and
- where it decides not to change the grade or remuneration, notify the local authority in writing of the reasons.

Note: The requirements detailed above are covered by the arrangements put in place by the Local Authority through its Modern Reward Scheme.

The Local Authority must appoint the person recommended by the Governing Board, unless they fail the relevant checks.

Nature of contracts

Contracts should be permanent unless there is good reason for them not to be, and governing bodies should be mindful of the Fixed-term (Prevention of Less Favourable Treatment) Regulations 2002 when considering the use of fixed-term contracts.

Record keeping

All decisions made by the Local Authority or Governing Board should be documented fully.

Appendix B – Table of changes

| Date of change | Paragraphs affected | Summary of update |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 16/07/2019 | 2.9 last bullet point. | Updated in line with changes to KCSE 2019 – clarifying that if governors are subject to a section 128 direction they are prohibited from being a governor. These changes are effective from 2 September 2019. |
| 22/11/2018 | | Updated to ensure fit for MAT's. Changes reflect terminology and MAT structure and set up. |
| 04/09/2018 | 2.6, 2.7, 2.9, Footnote 3, p.5 | Removed track changes which showed what had changed due to the updating of the Keeping Children Safe in Education statutory guidance document. |
| 13/07/2018 | Footnote 3, p.5 | Added signpost to what constitutes a management position in an academy for a section 128 direction check. |
| 06/07/2018 | 2.6, 2.7, 2.9 | Updated to reflect changes to KCSE document. Addition of requirement to section 128 direction check governors, removal of references to NCTL as this has been replaced by the Teacher Regulation Agency. |
| 10/05/2018 | 8 | New para added to take account of the General data protection regulations in force from 25 May 2018. |
| 01/03/2017 | All | New formatting due to launch of new HR website, HR InfoSpace – no change to content |